

# Participation Assignment

## CHEM 1100-General Chemistry II

Name:

#7

Section: 31, MWF

Due Date: Wednesday 7/26/2017

Half-Life:

First Order

$$\ln[A]_t = -kt + \ln[A]_0$$

Second Order

$$\frac{1}{[A]_t} = kt + \frac{1}{[A]_0}$$

1. In a dilute sodium hydroxide solution, the decomposition of hydrogen peroxide is a first order process:



At 20 °C, the rate constant for this process is  $1.8 \times 10^{-5} \text{ 1/s}$ . If the concentration of hydrogen peroxide is initially 0.300 M, how many hours will it take until the concentration drops to 0.150 M?

Rate constant: McMurry, J., Fay, R., *Chemistry*, 5<sup>th</sup> ed., Pearson Education, 2008, p452.

2. The decomposition of hydrogen iodide is a second order reaction:



The rate constant for this process is  $5.13 \times 10^{-4} \text{ M}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$  at  $410 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ . If the initial concentration of hydrogen iodide is  $0.400 \text{ M}$ , how many hours will it take until the concentration is  $0.200 \text{ M}$ ?

Rate constant: McMurry, J., Fay, R., *Chemistry*, 5<sup>th</sup> ed., Pearson Education, 2008, p460 (units for the rate constant modified).

Arrhenius equation:  $k = Ae^{-E_a/RT}$

$$\ln(k) = \ln(A) + \ln(e^{-E_a/RT})$$

3. Determine the activation energy, in kJ/mol, for the thermal degradation of ascorbic acid in rose hips:

Temp(°C)	1/T (1/K)	k (1/min)	ln(k)
70	0.002914	0.00762	-4.877
80	0.002832	0.00875	-4.739
90	0.002754	0.01198	-4.425
95	0.002716	0.01313	-4.333

Karhan, M., Aksu, M., Tetik, N., Turhan, I., "Kinetic Modeling of Anaerobic Thermal Degradation of Ascorbic Acid in Rose Hip (*Rosa Canina* L) Pulp", *Journal of Food Quality*, 2004, 27, p311.

